



Third Quarter 2020 Results Presentation

October 2020

Cautionary Statement on Forward-Looking Statements & Non-GAAP Measures

This presentation contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. We intend all forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements generally can be identified by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts and by the use of forward-looking words such as "expect," "expectation," "believe," "anticipate," "may," "could," "intend," "belief," "plan," "estimate," "target," "predict," "project," "likely," "will," "continue," "should," "forecast," "outlook" or similar terminology. These statements are based on current estimates and assumptions made by us in light of our experience and perception of historical trends, current conditions and expected future developments, as well as other factors that we believe are appropriate and reasonable under the circumstances, but there can be no assurance that such estimates and assumptions will prove to be correct. Forward-looking statements include, without limitation, statements regarding the future strategies, business plans, investment, dividend and share repurchase plans, earnings, performance and returns of Yum China, anticipated effects of population and macroeconomic trends, and the expected impact of the COVID-19 outbreak, the anticipated effects of our innovation, digital and delivery capabilities on growth and beliefs regarding the long-term drivers of Yum China's business. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of performance and are inherently subject to known and unknown risks and uncertainties that are difficult to predict and could cause our actual results or events to differ materially from those indicated by those statements. We cannot assure you that any of our expectations, estimates or assumptions will be achieved. The forward-looking statements included in this presentation are only made as of the date of this presentation, and we disclaim any obligation to publicly update any forwardlooking statement to reflect subsequent events or circumstances, except as required by law. Numerous factors could cause our actual results or events to differ materially from those expressed or implied by forward-looking statements, including, without limitation: whether we are able to achieve development goals at the times and in the amounts currently anticipated, if at all, the success of our marketing campaigns and product innovation, our ability to maintain food safety and quality control systems, the changes in public health conditions, including the COVID-19 outbreak, our ability to control costs and expenses, including tax costs, as well as changes in political, economic and regulatory conditions in China. In addition, other risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or that we currently believe to be immaterial could affect the accuracy of any such forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements should be evaluated with the understanding of their inherent uncertainty. You should consult our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (including the information set forth under the captions "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K. subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and other reports we file with SEC) for additional detail about factors that could affect our financial and other results. This presentation includes certain non-GAAP financial measures. Reconciliation of these non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP measures are included in this presentation where indicated. You are urged to consider carefully the comparable GAAP measures and reconciliations.



Business Highlights

Appendix – Financial Results



Q3: Resilience in the Challenging Time





Resilient Performance

- Total revenue grew 1%¹
- System sales grew 1%²
- Same-store sales: **94%** of prior year²
- 99%+ of stores open
- **18.6**% restaurant margin
- US\$556 mn Operating Profit (US\$781 mn YTD)



Profitable Growth

- Gross new stores: 312 (660 YTD)
- Total stores: 10,150
- New store cash payback periods:
 - ➤ ~2-3 years
 - ➤ ~3-5 years



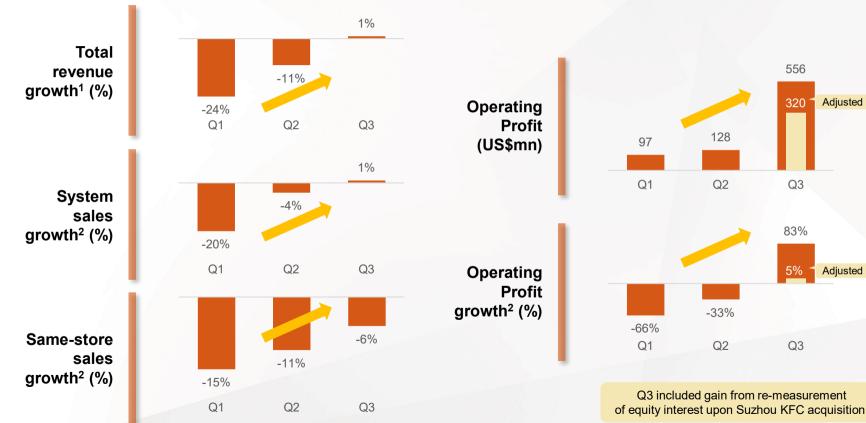
Leading Digital Capabilities

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- Q3 Sales were
 - > Digital payment: 97%
 - Digital order: ~78%
 - Delivery & takeaway: 50%+
 - From Members: ~60%
- Members: 285+ million
 - Privileges sold: 19 million in Q3
 - (45 million cumulative)

¹ Stated in reported currency, includes the consolidation of Huang Ji Huang from April 2020 and Suzhou KFC from August 2020. ² Both stated in constant currency basis. System sales includes the consolidation of Huang Ji Huang from April 2020.

Re-establishing Momentum



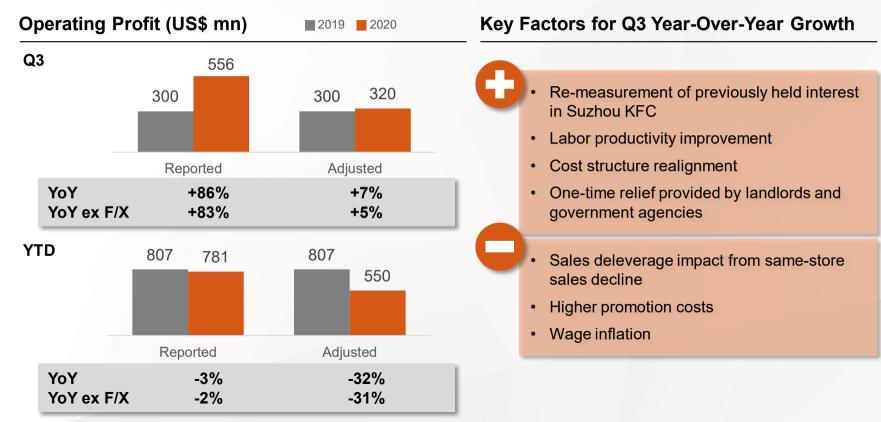
¹ Stated in reported currency, ² Stated in constant currency basis.

Note: Include the consolidation of Huang Ji Huang from April 2020 and Suzhou KFC from August 2020.



Operating Profit Growth

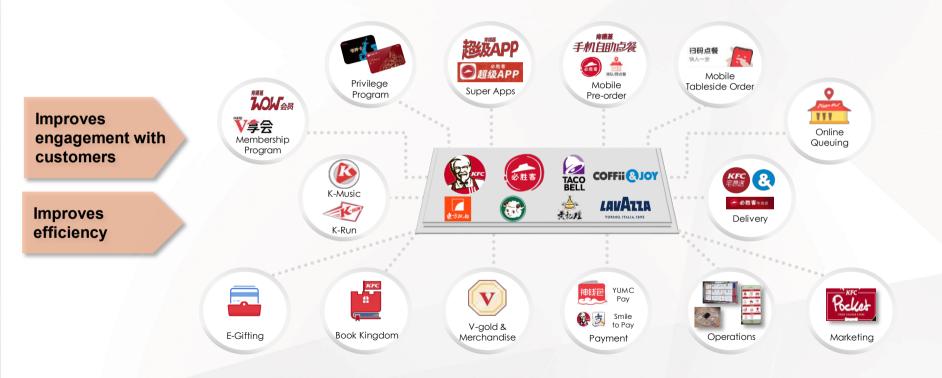




Note: See the appendix for a reconciliation to the non-GAAP adjusted measures

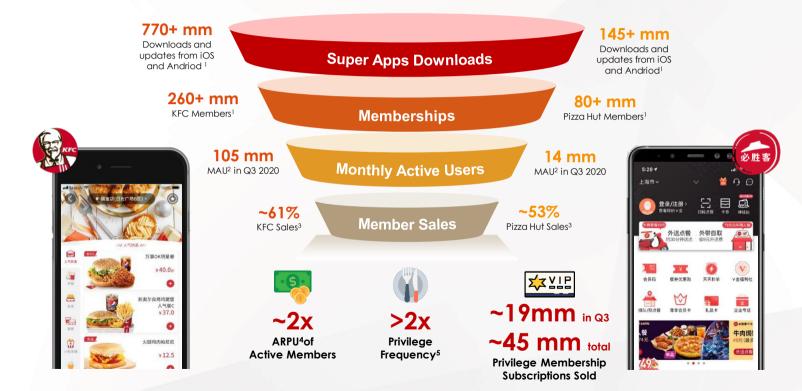


Powerful Digital Ecosystem



Super Apps and Membership Programs Drive Frequency and Spend



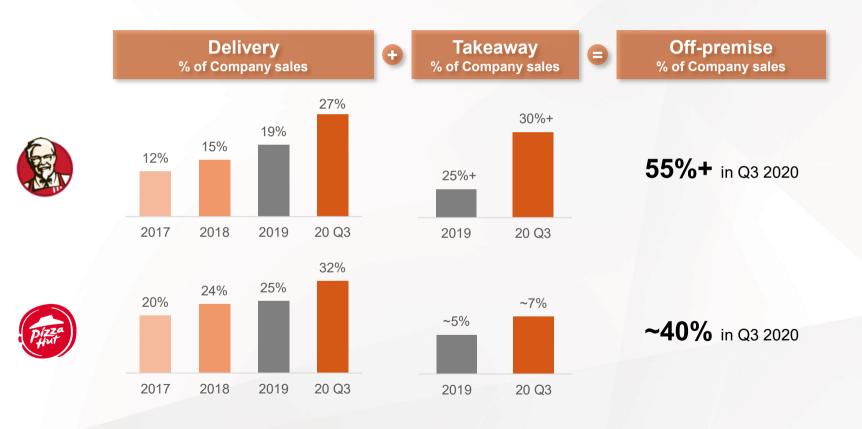


¹ Accumulative up to September 30, 2020. ² MAU refers to the monthly active users of the KFC Super App, Pizza Hut Super App, as well as the miniprograms embedded in third party applications. ³ Q3 2020.

⁴ Compare ARPU (annual spending per active member) in Q3 2020 and 2016.⁵ After subscription vs. before subscription for privilege members.

Delivery and Takeaway are Key Growth Drivers

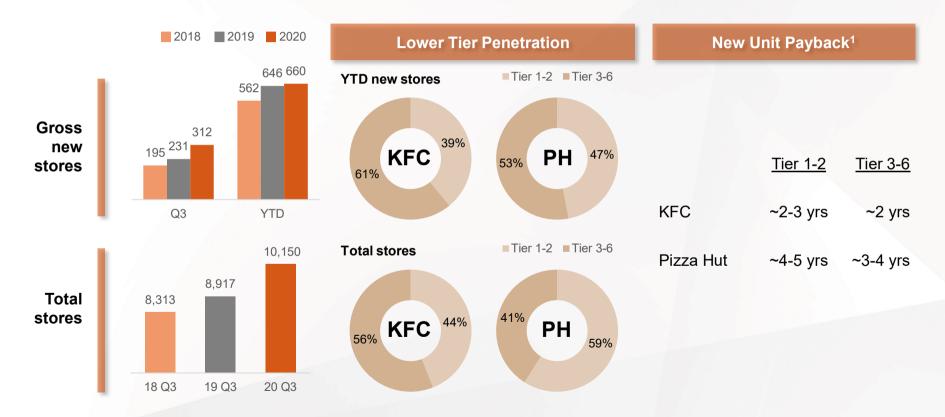




Note: % of Company sales include Wuxi KFC since 2018, and include Suzhou KFC since August 2020

New Store Growth with Attractive Paybacks





Note: Included Huang Ji Huang stores from April 2020

¹ Refers to Average Pre-tax Cash Payback Period; Includes units opened from July 2018 to June 2019, after deduction of 3% license fee.

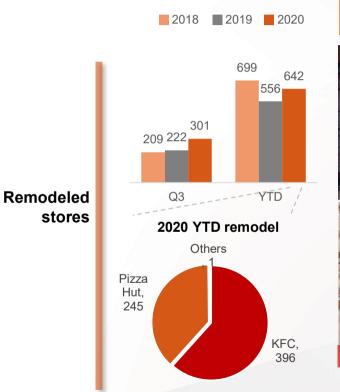
Expand with Multiple Brands and Store Formats







Remodeling Keeps Brands Refreshing

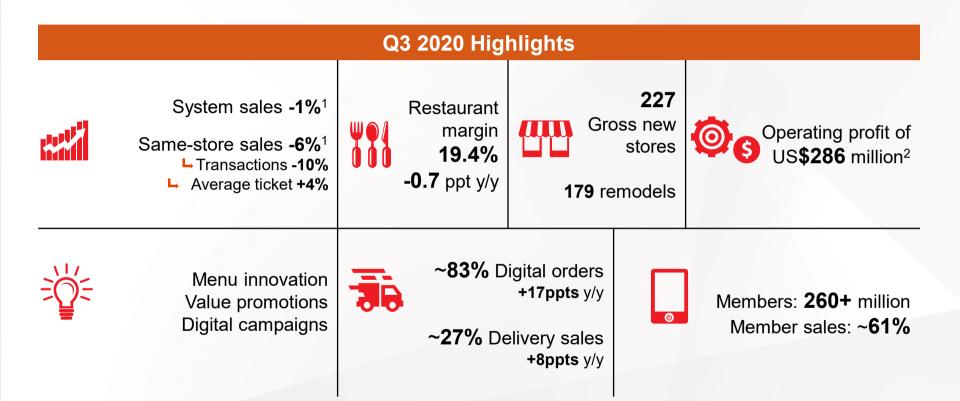


Always Something New



KFC: Resilient Business Model and Solid Execution





¹ Stated in constant currency basis.

² Segment Operating Profit before unallocated shared service costs and re-measurement gain from Suzhou KFC acquisition

Tasty Food, Great Fun and Compelling Value Proposition





Durian Chicken Burger / Double Burger

Extended Crazy Thursday to Wednesday and Friday

Spicy Crayfish for Late Night Delivery Limited offer in 10 cities

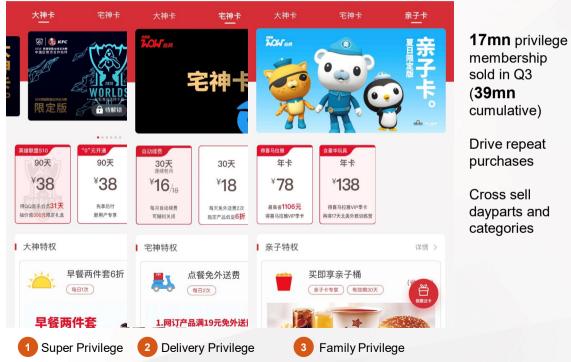
Cross-over with Karl Lagerfeld

Digital Campaigns Drive Member Spending



Various Privilege Programs Serve Different Needs

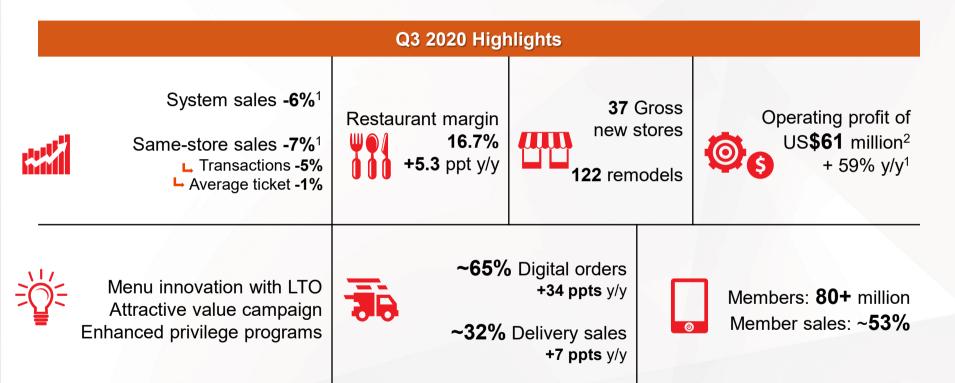
Successful LTO in Q3







Pizza Hut: Operating Profit Grew 59%¹



Pizza

Pizza Hut Continued to Enhance its Food and Value



Chinese-style braised (Dongpo) Beef and Pizza

Salted Egg Yolk Volcano Cake

Buffet – 5 Days Only RMB 158 for members; Reserve Online Wuhan-style Hot Dry Noodles with Crayfish

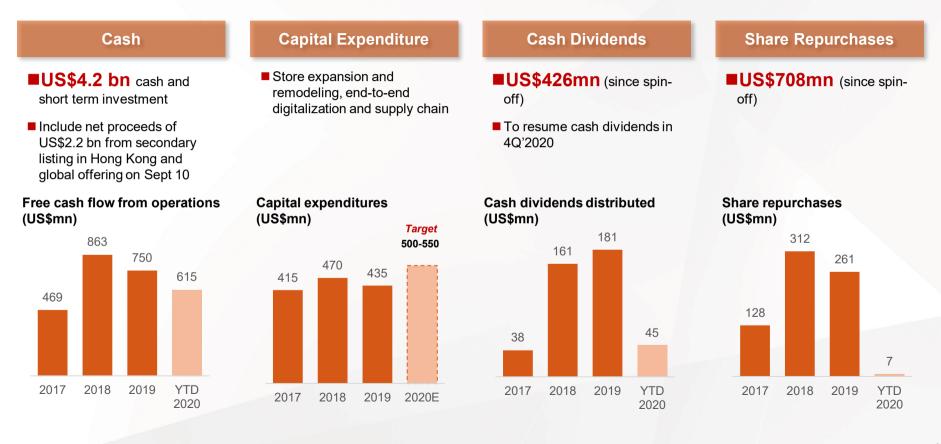


Enhanced Digital Experience Drives Traffic



Capital Allocation Strategy







2020 Outlook and Strategic Priorities

2020 FINANCIAL TARGETS

STRATEGIC PRIORITIES

- Over 900 gross new stores, including new builds of Huang Ji Huang since acquisition
- \$500-550 million Capex
- Top priority is to safeguard the health and safety of our employees and customers
- Drive innovation across the business and adapt to evolving situations
- Leverage digital infrastructure and member base to drive frequency and ticket average
- Further capture delivery and takeaway demand
- Vigilant cost management and efficiency improvement
- Invest in key growth opportunities including new stores, digital, supply chain and technology capabilities



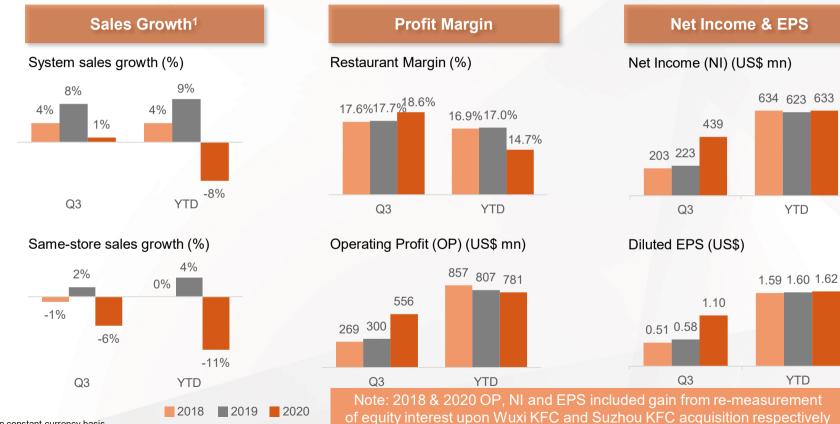
Business Highlights

Appendix – Financial Results



Q3 Results Improved Sequentially



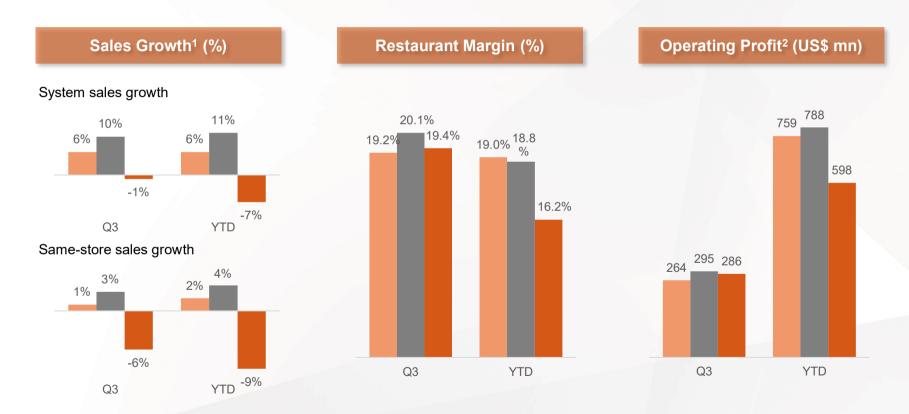


¹Stated in constant currency basis.

Note: Include the consolidation of Huang Ji Huang from April 2020 and Suzhou KFC from August 2020.

KFC Continued to Demonstrate Resilience



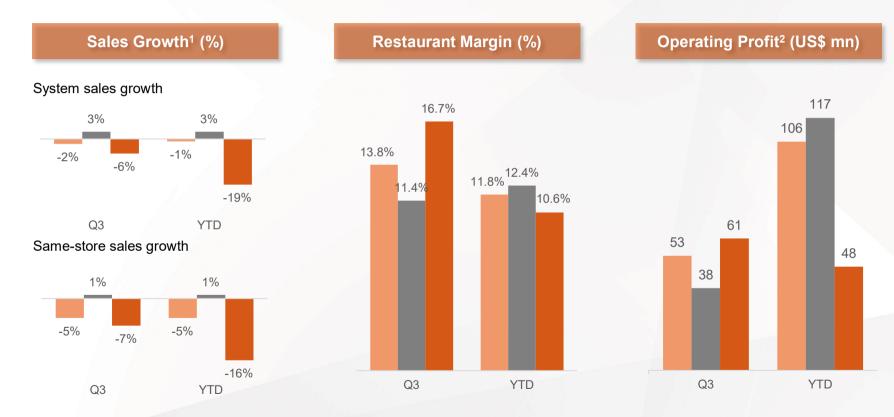


Stated in constant currency basis.

² Segment Operating Profit before unallocated shared service costs and re-measurement gain from Wuxi and Suzhou KFC acquisition

Pizza Hut: Significant Year-over-Year Improvement in Restaurant Margin





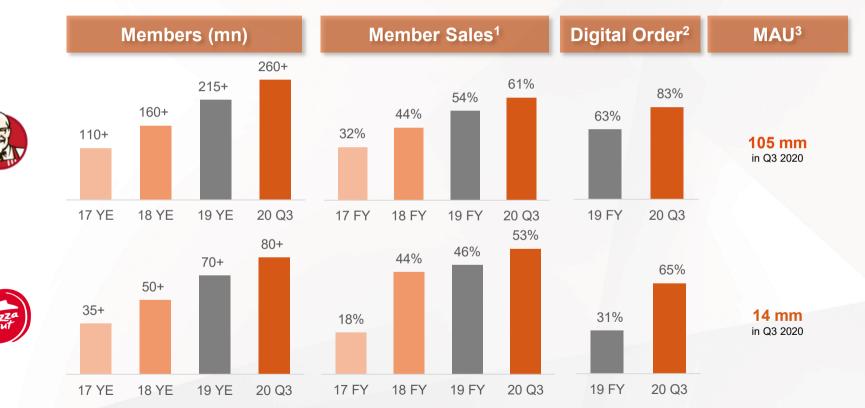
Stated in constant currency basis.

² Segment Operating Profit before unallocated shared service costs.

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Growing Popularity of Membership and Digital





¹ Member sales as % of system sales

² Digital order as % of Company sales

³ MAU refers to the monthly active users of the KFC Super App, Pizza Hut Super App, as well as the mini programs embedded in third party applications.

Reconciliation of Reported Results to Non-GAAP Measures

Voor to Data Endad



Year to Date Ended 9/30/2019

(8)

(8)

(8)

389 (0.02)

	Quarter Ende			led		Year to Date E		nded	
	9/3	0/2020	9/3	0/2019	9/3	0/2020	9/3	0/2019	
Non-GAAP Reconciliations	_								
Reconciliation of Operating Profit to Adjusted Operating Profit									
Operating Profit	\$	556	\$	300	\$	781	\$	807	
Special Items, Operating Profit		236		—		231			
Adjusted Operating Profit	\$	320	\$	300	\$	550	\$	807	
Reconciliation of Net Income to Adjusted Net Income									
Net Income – Yum China Holdings, Inc.	\$	439	\$	223	\$	633	\$	623	
Special Items, Net Income – Yum China Holdings, Inc.		176		_		171		(8)	
Adjusted Net Income – Yum China Holdings, Inc.	\$	263	\$	223	\$	462	\$	631	
Reconciliation of EPS to Adjusted EPS					-				
Basic Earnings Per Common Share	\$	1.13	\$	0.59	\$	1.67	\$	1.65	
Special Items, Basic Earnings Per Common Share		0.45		_		0.46		(0.02)	
Adjusted Basic Earnings Per Common Share	\$	0.68	\$	0.59	\$	1.21	\$	1.67	
Diluted Earnings Per Common Share	\$	1.10	\$	0.58	\$	1.62	\$	1.60	
Special Items, Diluted Earnings Per Common Share		0.44		_		0.44		(0.02)	
Adjusted Diluted Earnings Per Common Share	\$	0.66	\$	0.58	\$	1.18	\$	1.62	
Reconciliation of Effective Tax Rate to Adjusted Effective Tax Rate									
Effective tax rate		25.6%		26.9%	ó	26.3%		25.8%	
Impact on effective tax rate as a result of Special Items		(0.1)%	6	%	ó	(0.1)%	6	0.9%	
Adjusted effective tax rate		25.7%	·	26.9%	ó	26.4%		24.9%	

Quarter Ended

Details of Special Items

	9/3	0/2020	9/30/2019		9/30/2020		- 9	
	Gain from re-measurement of equity interest upon acquisition ⁽¹⁾	\$	239	\$	_	\$	239	\$
	Share-based compensation expense for Partner PSU awards ⁽²⁾		(3)		_		(5)	
	Derecognition of indemnification assets related to Daojia ⁽³⁾		_		_		(3)	_
	Special Items, Operating Profit		236		_		231	
	Tax effect on Special Items ⁽⁴⁾		(60)		_		(60)	
	Impact from the Tax Act ⁽⁵⁾		_		_		_	_
	Special Items, net income - including noncontrolling interests		176		_		171	
	Special Items, net income - noncontrolling interests				—		_	
	Special Items, Net Income - Yum China Holdings, Inc.	\$	176	\$	_	\$	171	\$
	Weighted-average Diluted Shares Outstanding (in millions)	_	400		388		391	
	Special Items, Diluted Earnings Per Common Share	\$	0.44	\$	_	\$	0.44	\$

Ouarter Ended

1) As a result of the acquisition of Suzhou KFC, the Company recognized a gain of \$239 million from the re-measurement of our previously held 47% equity interest at fair value, which was not allocated to any segment for performance reporting purposes 2) In February 2020, the Company granted Partner PSU Awards to select employees who were deemed critical to the Company's execution of its strategic operating plan. These PSU awards will only vest if threshold performance goals are achieved over a fourvear performance period, with the payout ranging from 0% to 200% of the target number of shares subject to the PSU awards. Partner PSU Awards were granted to address increased competition for executive talent, motivate transformational performance and encourage management retention. Given the unique nature of these grants, the Compensation Committee does not intend to grant similar, special grants during the performance period. The impact from these special awards is excluded from metrics that management uses to assess the Company's performance. The Company recognized share-based compensation cost of \$3 million and \$5 million associated with the Partner PSU Awards for the guarter and year to date ended September 30, 2020, respectively. 3) In the guarter ended June 30, 2020, the Company derecognized a \$3 million indemnification asset previously recorded for the Daojia acquisition as the indemnification right expired pursuant to the purchase agreement. The amount was included in Other income, net, but was not allocated to any segment for performance reporting purposes.

4) The tax expense was determined based upon the nature, as well as the jurisdiction, of each Special Item at the applicable tax rate.

5) We completed the evaluation of the impact on our transition tax computation based on the final regulations released by the U.S. Treasury Department and the U.S. Internal Revenue Service became effective in the first guarter of 2019, and recorded an additional tax expense of \$8 million for the transition tax accordingly.